

Bistro

• Word first recorded in French in 1884 as Bistro and as Bistrot in 1892 • Bistouille or Bistrouille a term from northern France meaning a mixture of coffee and brandy, a cheap grade of brandy, or any drink, of poor quality • Bistraud, from the Poitou dialect whose meaning range from a minor servant to young coward or little shepard

Classic Bistro



Intimate and inexpensive restaurant with small tables next to a street or beach Family owned Atmosphere is familiar and light-hearted

Bistro Cuisine

Fresh regional cuisine
Each region has distinctive tastes
Produce, climate and traditional way of life of each region influences the dishes

• Cheese and wine featured in regions is very regional, even more so than the food

Nord Pas de Calais & – Picardy

- Hearty Cuisine in the north
 - Venison and wild boar from surrounding forests
- Flemish Influences found
- Dishes such as carbonnade, hochepot, and veau flamande
 - Northern Cheeses tend to be cows milk, pungent and fruity
- Beer reigns over wine in the north

Hochepot



Provence

Known for its use of herbs, olive oil, tomatoes, garlic, onions, artichokes, olives and sweet and hot peppers

- Vegetables often baked or fried
- Fish and shellfish sardines commonly found on menus
- Italian influences with wide use of pasta, especially ravioli and cannelloni, gnocchi, and pistou
 Two broad types of wines found in Provence those of the southern Côtes du Rhône and Provençal wines
 All red wines

Bouillabaisse



Alsace

- German influences such as choucroute (sauerkraut) and sausages
- Much lighter than traditional Greman cuisine
- Backenoffe, oie à l'alsacienne, and flammekueche traditional
- Lots of fruit which is used in tarts and also added to meat dishes
 - With the exception of Pinot Noir wines, Alsatian wines are white

• Region is known for Münster cheese

Flammekueche